## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

## **2019 ANNUAL REPORT**

## ТО

#### THE CITY OF THORNTON

Pursuant to the Service Plan of Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District, the District is required to submit an annual report to the City of Thornton. The report for 2019 is submitted to the City of Thornton with regard to the following matters:

1. Boundary changes made or proposed.

There were no changes or proposed changes to the District's boundaries.

2. <u>Changes or proposed changes in the District's policies.</u>

There have been no changes in the District's policies.

3. <u>Changes or proposed changes in the District's operations.</u>

There have been no changes or proposed changes in the District's operations. The District, other than governmental administrative costs, does not have any physical operation obligations (ex. landscaping etc.) or responsibilities as those functions are performed by the community's homeowners' association and the City.

4. <u>Any changes in the financial status of the District including revenue projections</u>, or operating costs.

No significant changes in financial status occurred in 2019. The District is in bonded debt repayment mode. Governmental administrative costs have been fairly stable and revenue projections, which are influenced by annual changes in the assessed valuation within the District, have remained relatively constant.

5. <u>A summary of any litigation which involves the District.</u>

To the District's actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Adams County, there is no litigation involving the District as of December 31, 2019.

6. <u>Proposed plans for the year immediately following the year summarized in the annual report.</u>

The District is in a debt repayment mode, and currently holds two regular board meetings annually. The District may, at its sole discretion, partner with the homeowners' association from time-to-time by providing co-funding for public purpose common area landscaping and recreation construction and installation costs in an effort to enhance the aesthetics of the entire community served by the District when the District deems such co-funding as being in furtherance of a valid public purpose.

- <u>Status or Public Improvement Construction Schedule</u>.
  *Public infrastructure was previously completed and accepted by the City of Thornton*.
- Submission of current assessed valuation in the District.
  Taxable assessed valuation for Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District in 2019: \$20,746,900.
- 9. <u>A certificate of compliance with the Thornton City Code</u>.

See compliance certificate (letter) attached hereto as **Exhibit** A.

10. Annual financial statements as audited in compliance with GAAS, unless legally exempted from audits.

See 2019 budget and year 2019 Audit Report attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

11. <u>Copies of any filing made with the Security and Exchange Commission and or the N.M.R.S.R.S.</u>

Not applicable as the District's debt is in the form of the 2016 Loan Agreement with Guaranty Bank and Trust Company. Annual disclosures required under the Loan Agreement are submitted to the Bank.

#### **EXHIBIT A**

2019 Annual Report Letter of Compliance

City Clerk City of Thornton 9500 Civic Center Drive Thornton, Colorado 80229

## Re: Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District 2019 Annual Report - Certificate of City Code Compliance

Dear City Clerk:

Pursuant to Section VI (B) of the Service Plan for Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District (the "**District**"), an annual report must be submitted to the Thornton City Clerk by June 30<sup>th</sup> of each year following the preceding reporting year. The annual report must include a "certificate of compliance" with the Thornton City Code. The City has informed the District that a letter from the District's general legal counsel, which states the District's compliance with the City Code, is acceptable.

This letter shall serve as the District's Certificate of City Code Compliance for the above referenced Annual Report. The District, by and through its attorney, states that neither the District nor its attorney has received any notice from the City that it is or has been in noncompliance with any provision of the City Code. Therefore, the District hereby states and affirms that it reasonably believes that it is in full compliance with the City Code.

WHITE BEAR ANKELE TANAKA & WALDRON Attorneys for Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District

white Bear ankele Taraka + Waldron

# EXHIBIT B

2019 Budget and 2019 Audit Report for Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

## Accountant's Compilation Report

Board of Directors Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District

Management is responsible for the accompanying budget of revenues, expenditures, and fund balances of Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District for the year ending December 31, 2019, including the estimate of comparative information for the year ending December 31, 2018, and the actual comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2017, in the format prescribed by Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.) 29-1-105 and the related summary of significant assumptions in accordance with guidelines for the presentation of a budget established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the budget nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on the accompanying budget.

The budgeted results may not be achieved as there will usually be differences between the budgeted and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and these differences may be material. We assume no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of this report.

We draw attention to the summary of significant assumptions which describe that the budget is presented in accordance with the requirements of C.R.S. 29-1-105, and is not intended to be a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We are not independent with respect to Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District.

Clifton Larson allen LLG

Greenwood Village, Colorado January 21, 2019



#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/21/19

		ACTUAL	E	STIMATED	E	BUDGET
		2017	2018			2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$	141,125	\$	280,343	\$	562,239
REVENUES						
Property taxes		529,593		672,034		681,382
Specific ownership taxes		51,109		56,500		40,935
Net investment income		5,034		12,500		12,500
Other revenue		4,092		-		-
Total revenues		589,828		741,034		734,817
Total funds available		730,953		1,021,377		1,297,056
EXPENDITURES						
General Fund		38,152		41,377		51,000
Debt Service Fund		412,458		417,761		427,000
Total expenditures		450,610		459,138		478,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		450,610		459,138		478,000
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	280,343	\$	562,239	\$	819,056
	<b>—</b>	200,010	Ψ	002,200	Ψ	5.0,000
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	1,700	\$	2,100	\$	2,100
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	1,700	\$	2,100	\$	2,100

#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/21/19

		ACTUAL 2017	E	STIMATED 2018		BUDGET 2019
	<u> </u>				ļ <b>.</b>	
ASSESSED VALUATION						
Residential	\$	11,954,390	\$	15,258,510	\$	15,259,700
State assessed	Ŧ	2,210	Ŧ	2,300	Ŧ	2,110
Vacant land		115,500		156,990		399,870
Personal property		537,250		583,000		561,710
		12,609,350		16,000,800		16,223,390
Adjustments		-		-		-
Certified Assessed Value	\$	12,609,350	\$	16,000,800	\$	16,223,390
MILL LEVY						
General		3.850		3.850		3.850
Debt Service		38.150		38.150		38.150
Total mill levy		42.000		42.000		42.000
PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	48,546	\$	61,603	\$	62,460
Debt Service		481,047	,	610,431		618,922
Levied property taxes		529,593		672,034		681,382
Adjustments to actual/rounding		-		-		-
Budgeted property taxes	\$	529,593	\$	672,034	\$	681,382
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	48,723	\$	61,603	\$	62,460
Debt Service		480,870	•	610,431	,	618,922
	\$	529,593	\$	672,034	\$	681,382

#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/21/19

	ACTUAL 2017		ESTIMATED 2018		E	BUDGET 2019
	<u> </u>	-011			I	2010
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$	79,227	\$	95,740	\$	123,666
REVENUES						
Property taxes		48,723		61,603		62,460
Specific ownership taxes		4,702		5,200		3,800
Net investment income		1,240		2,500		2,500
Total revenues		54,665		69,303		68,760
Total funds available		133,892		165,043		192,426
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
Accounting		17,234		16,000		18,000
Auditing		4,300		4,500		4,500
County Treasurer's fee		731		924		937
Directors' fees		500		400		600
Dues and membership		299		301		500
Insurance and bonds		2,598		2,598		3,000
Legal services		12,351		16,000		18,000
Miscellaneous		139		200		200
Election expense		-		454		-
Contingency		-		-		5,263
Total expenditures		38,152		41,377		51,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		38,152		41,377		51,000
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	95,740	\$	123,666	\$	141,426
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	1,700	\$	2,100	\$	2,100
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	1,700	\$	2,100	\$	2,100

#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND 2019 BUDGET WITH 2017 ACTUAL AND 2018 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/21/19

	ACTUAL 2017		. ESTIMATED 2018		E	BUDGET 2019
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$	61,898	\$	184,603	\$	438,573
REVENUES Property taxes Specific ownership taxes		480,870 46,407		610,431 51,300		618,922 37,135
Net investment income Other revenue		3,794 4,092		10,000 -		10,000 -
Total revenues		535,163		671,731		666,057
Total funds available		597,061		856,334		1,104,630
EXPENDITURES Debt Service						
County Treasurer's fee Contingency		7,217 -		9,156 -		9,284 5,998
Loan interest - Series 2016 Loan principal - Series 2016		140,241 265,000		133,605 275,000		126,718 285,000
Total expenditures		412,458		417,761		427,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		412,458		417,761		427,000
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	184,603	\$	438,573	\$	677,630

#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

#### Services Provided

The District, a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Adams County on November 28, 2000, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in Adams County, Colorado entirely within the City of Thornton.

The District was established to provide financing for the construction of streets, traffic and safety controls, storm drainage, sanitary sewer, water and parks and recreation facilities.

The budget is in accordance with the TABOR Amendment limitations that were modified by the voters in an election held on November 7, 2000. District voters approved authorization to increase property tax up to \$100,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance and other expenses. Additionally, the election allows the District to collect, spend and retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution. Emergency reserves, required under TABOR, have been provided.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

#### Revenues

## **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

The change in assessment ratio from 7.96% to 7.2% allows the District to adjust its mill levy to offset the decrease in revenues. However, the District has elected not to impose an adjusted mill levy for operations and debt service. Such adjusted mill levy would be 4.256 for operations and 42.176 for debt service.

#### LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

#### **Revenues** - (continued)

#### Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 6% of the property taxes collected.

#### Net Investment Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on historical interest earnings.

#### **Expenditures**

#### **General and Administrative Expenditures**

General and administrative expenditures include the estimated services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as legal, accounting, insurance, banking and meeting expenditures.

#### County Treasurer's Fees

County Treasurer's fees have been computed at 1.5% of property tax collections.

#### Debt Service

The principal and interest payments in 2019 are provided based on the debt amortization schedule from the District's Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2016.

#### **Debt and Leases**

On September 15, 2016, the District refunded \$5,850,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006, by the issuance of \$5,835,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2016 with an interest rate of 2.47%. The loan matures on December 1, 2032. Interest payments on the loan shall be due and payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 each year through maturity. Principal payments on the loan shall be due and payable on December 1 of each year through maturity. Principal payments shall be prepaid at the option of the District and with no prepayment fee on and after December 1, 2022. Prior to December 1, 2022, additional principal amounts may be prepaid with a redemption premium of (1) 3.00% from December 1, 2016 through November 30, 2018, (2) 2.00% from December 1, 2018 through November 30, 2020, or (3) 1.00% from December 1, 2020 through November 30, 2022.

The loan is secured by and payable from pledged revenues consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) the required mill levy, (2) the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the required mill levy, and (3) any other legally available monies which the District determines to apply to the payment of the loan. Required mill levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds as the same become due and payable. If monies produced from the required mill levy, together with other pledged revenues, are

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

#### Debts and Leases - (continued)

not sufficient to pay punctually the scheduled payments of principal and interest, the District shall include all such amounts as may be necessary for such purposes in its computation of the required mill levy in the subsequent year, and such required mill levy shall be imposed and continue to be levied until the loan is fully paid. The maximum required mill levy is 50.000 mills, adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. As of December 31, 2018, the adjusted maximum mill levy is 63.541 mills.

The District has no operating or capital leases.

## **Reserve Funds**

#### **Emergency Reserve**

The District has provided for an Emergency Reserve equal to at least 3% of the fiscal year spending for 2019, as defined under TABOR.

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2018

Year Ended December 31,	I	S Dated Se Principa terest F June 1	General Obligat Series 2016 eptember 15, 20 Il due Decembe Rate 2.47% Pay <u>and December</u> Interest	)16 r 1 able	Inding Loan
<u> </u>	 				
2019	\$ 285,000	\$	126,718	\$	411,718
2020	300,000		119,908		419,908
2021	305,000		112,068		417,068
2022	320,000		104,430		424,430
2023	330,000		96,416		426,416
2024	345,000		88,393		433,393
2025	355,000		79,512		434,512
2026	370,000		70,621		440,621
2027	380,000		61,356		441,356
2028	400,000		51,981		451,981
2029	410,000		41,821		451,821
2030	425,000		31,554		456,554
2031	440,000		20,911		460,911
2032	 395,000		9,919		404,919
	\$ 5,060,000	\$	1,015,608	\$	6,075,608

# \$5,835,000 Limited Tax Conoral Obligation Defunding Lean

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Adams County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	18
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	20
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	21



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

303-734-4800
 303-795-3356
 www.HaynieCPAs.com

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major funds of Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.







#### **Other-Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Haynie & Company

Littleton, Colorado June 23, 2020

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

		vernmental Activities
ASSETS	•	450 700
Cash and Investments	\$	159,789
Cash and Investments - Restricted		706,849
Receivable from County Treasurer		4,245
Prepaid Expenses		2,375
Property Taxes Receivable		871,370
Total Assets		1,744,628
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Cost of Loan Refunding		248,639
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		248,639
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		1,742
Accrued Interest Payable - Loan		9,992
Long-Term Liabilities:		,
Due Within One Year		300,000
Due in More Than One Year		4,632,139
Total Liabilities		4,943,873
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Tax Revenue		871,370
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		871,370
		- ,
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Emergency Reserves		2,200
Debt Service		698,508
Unrestricted		(4,522,684)
Total Net Position	\$	(3,821,976)

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	F	xpenses		arges for rvices	Ope Grar	Revenues erating hts and ibutions	Ca Grar	pital its and butions	(Exp C Ne Gov	Revenues benses) and hange in ter Position vernmental activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	35,629	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(35,629)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		170,881		-		-				(170,881)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	206,510	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		(206,510)
	Pro Spe	ERAL REVEI perty Taxes ecific Owners t Investment I Total Genera	hip Taxe ncome							681,400 55,278 21,893 758,571
	CHAI	NGE IN NET	POSITIC	<b>N</b>						552,061
	Net F	Position - Beg	inning of	Year						(4,374,037)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF	YEAR					\$	(3,821,976)

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2019

	0	General	Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$	159,789	\$ -	\$	159,789
Cash and Investments - Restricted		2,200	704,649		706,849
Receivable from County Treasurer		394	3,851		4,245
Prepaid Expenses		2,375	-		2,375
Property Taxes Receivable		79,876	 791,494		871,370
Total Assets	\$	244,634	\$ 1,499,994	\$	1,744,628
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	1,742	\$ -	\$	1,742
Total Liabilities		1,742	-		1,742
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property Tax Revenue		79,876	 791,494		871,370
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		79,876	791,494		871,370
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Amounts		2,375	_		2,375
Restricted for:		2,575			2,075
Emergency Reserves		2,200	-		2,200
Debt Service		-	708,500		708,500
Unassigned:			100,000		100,000
General Government		158,441	_		158,441
Total Fund Balances		163,016	708,500		871,516
		100,010	 100,000		011,010
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	244,634	\$ 1,499,994		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the					
statement of net position are different because:					
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to					
pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					
Cost of Loan Refunding					248,639
Cost of Eddit (Controlling					240,000
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are					
not due and payable in the current period and,					
therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.					
Loans Interest Payable					(9,992)
Loans Payable					(4,775,000)
Developer Advance Interest Payable					(157,139)
					(
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	(3,821,976)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	General			Debt Service	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds
REVENUES	¢	CO 404	¢	C10 010	۴	604 400
Property Taxes	\$	62,484	\$	618,916	\$	681,400
Specific Ownership Taxes		5,130		50,148		55,278
Net Investment Income		3,658		18,235		21,893
Total Revenues		71,272		687,299		758,571
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		14,944		-		14,944
Audit		4,700		-		4,700
County Treasurer's Fees		937		9,286		10,223
Directors' Fees		300		-		300
Dues and Membership		294		-		294
Insurance		2,725		-		2,725
Legal		11,706		-		11,706
Miscellaneous		23		-		23
Debt Service:						
Loan Principal - Series 2016		-		285,000		285,000
Loan Interest - Series 2016		-		126,718		126,718
Total Expenditures		35,629		421,004		456,633
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		35,643		266,295		301,938
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		127,373		442,205		569,578
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	163,016	\$	708,500	\$	871,516

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 301,938
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Loan Principal Payment - Series 2016 Amortization on Cost of Loan Refunding - Series 2016	285,000 (35,445)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest Payable - Loans - Change in Liability	 568
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 552,061

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•		•		•	
Property Taxes	\$	62,460	\$	62,484	\$	24
Specific Ownership Taxes		3,800		5,130		1,330
Net Investment Income		2,500		3,658		1,158
Total Revenues		68,760		71,272		2,512
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		18,000		14,944		3,056
Audit		4,500		4,700		(200)
Contingency		5,263		-		5,263
County Treasurer's Fees		937		937		-
Directors' Fees		600		300		300
Dues and Membership		500		294		206
Insurance		3,000		2,725		275
Legal		18,000		11,706		6,294
Miscellaneous		200		23		177
Total Expenditures		51,000		35,629		15,371
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		17,760		35,643		17,883
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		123,666		127,373		3,707
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	141,426	\$	163,016	\$	21,590

# NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Lambertson Lakes Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized on November 28, 2000, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Adams County, Colorado, entirely within the City of Thornton. The District was established to provide financing for the construction of streets, traffic and safety controls, storm drainage, sanitary sewer, water and parks and recreation facilities.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

## NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

## NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

## Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated.

## NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize interest earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

## Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are normally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

## Cost of Loan Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of loan refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the refunding loan. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense, and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

## **Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *cost of loan refunding*, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

## NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## <u>Equity</u>

## Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

*Nonspendable Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

*Committed Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balances is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 159,789
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 706,849
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 866,638

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 4,599
Investments	 862,039
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 866,638

## **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$13,214 and a carrying balance of \$4,599.

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

## NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
  - General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the District had the following investments:

Investments	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid	Weighted average	
Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	under 60 days	\$ 862,039

## <u>COLOTRUST</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

## NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

	De	Balance ecember 31,					De	Balance ecember 31,		Due Within
		2018	Add	litions	Re	etirements		2019	One Year	
2016 G.O.										
Refunding Loan	\$	5,060,000	\$	-	\$	285,000	\$	4,775,000	\$	300,000
Developer Advances		157,139		-		-		157,139		-
Total	\$	5,217,139	\$	-	\$	285,000	\$	4,932,139	\$	300,000

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

**\$5,835,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Loan, Series 2016, dated September 15, 2016** with an interest rate of 2.47%. The loan matures on December 1, 2032. Interest payments on the loan shall be due and payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1 each year through maturity. Principal payments on the loan shall be due and payable on December 1 of each year through maturity. Principal payments shall be prepaid at the option of the District and with no prepayment fee on and after December 1, 2022. Prior to December 1, 2022, additional principal amounts may be prepaid with a redemption premium of (1) 3.00% from December 1, 2016 through November 30, 2018, (2) 2.00% from December 1, 2022.

The loan is secured by and payable from pledged revenues consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) the required mill levy, (2) the portion of the specific ownership tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the required mill levy, and (3) any other legally available monies which the District determines to apply to the payment of the loan. Required mill levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds as the same become due and payable. If monies produced from the required mill levy, together with other pledged revenues, are not sufficient to pay punctually the scheduled payments of principal and interest, the District shall include all such amounts as may be necessary for such purposes in its computation of the required mill levy in the subsequent year, and such required mill levy shall be imposed and continue to be levied until the loan is fully paid. The maximum required mill levy is 50.000 mills, adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District. As of December 31, 2019, the adjusted maximum mill levy is 63.541 mills.

## NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's Series 2016 Loan will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$ 300,000	\$ 119,908	\$ 419,908
2021	305,000	112,068	417,068
2022	320,000	104,430	424,430
2023	330,000	96,416	426,416
2024	345,000	88,393	433,393
2025-2029	1,915,000	305,291	2,220,291
2030-2032	1,260,000	62,384	1,322,384
Total	\$ 4,775,000	\$ 888,890	\$ 5,663,890

## Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2019, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	November 7,		November 7, Nov			November 6, Total			Used				
	_	2000	2001		Authorization		2002		2006		bu	t Unissued	
Streets	\$	2,750,000	\$	750,000	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,015,000	\$	-	\$	485,000	
Water		500,000		500,000		1,000,000		775,000		-		225,000	
Sewer and Storm Drainage		650,000		650,000		1,300,000		885,000		-		415,000	
Parks and Recreation		2,500,000		500,000		3,000,000		1,000,000		-		2,000,000	
Traffic and Safety		500,000		-		500,000		325,000		-		175,000	
Operating and Maintenance		40,000		-		40,000		-		-		40,000	
Refunding		6,900,000		2,400,000		9,300,000		-		7,150,000		2,150,000	
Total	\$	13,840,000	\$	4,800,000	\$	18,640,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	7,150,000	\$	5,490,000	

The issuance of the Series 2016 Loan refunded the Series 2006 Bonds and did not use any debt authorization.

Pursuant to the First Modification to the Original Service Plan for the District, dated December 18, 2006, the District is permitted to issue general obligation bonds of up to \$6,500,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

#### **Developer Advances**

In earlier years, the District received certain advances from the Developer of the District for capital infrastructure costs that were subject to a Funding and Loan Agreement (Agreement). The District has repaid all advances pursuant to the Agreement. As of December 31, 2019, a total of \$157,139 of accrued interest remained unpaid. Any future payment of said amount is subject to annual appropriation.

#### NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2019, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 2,200
Debt Service	 698,508
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 700,708

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements conveyed to the City of Thornton in prior years.

#### NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District was a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

## NOTE 7 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

## NOTE 7 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 2000, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$100,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES	\$	619 000	\$	619 016	\$	(6)
Property Taxes	Φ	618,922	Ф	618,916	Ф	(6) 12.012
Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income		37,135		50,148		13,013
Total Revenues		10,000 666,057		<u>18,235</u> 687,299		8,235 21,242
EXPENDITURES County Treasurer's Fees		9,284		9,286		
Loan Principal - Series 2016		9,204 285,000		9,280 285,000		(2)
Loan Interest - Series 2016		126,718		126,718		_
Contingency		5,998		120,710		5,998
<b>o</b> ,		427,000		421,004		
Total Expenditures		427,000		421,004		5,996
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		239,057		266,295		27,238
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		438,573		442,205		3,632
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	677,630	\$	708,500	\$	30,870

# **OTHER INFORMATION**

## LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2019

	\$5,835,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Refundi Series 2016 Dated September 15, 2016 Principal due December 1 Interest Rate 2.47% Payable June 1 and December 1									
Year Ending December 31,	F	Principal	I	nterest	Total					
2020	\$	300,000	\$	119,908	\$	419,908				
2021		305,000		112,068		417,068				
2022		320,000		104,430		424,430				
2023		330,000		96,416		426,416				
2024		345,000		88,393		433,393				
2025		355,000		79,512		434,512				
2026		370,000		70,621		440,621				
2027		380,000		61,356		441,356				
2028		400,000		51,981		451,981				
2029		410,000		41,821		451,821				
2030		425,000		31,554		456,554				
2031		440,000		20,911		460,911				
2032		395,000		9,919		404,919				
	\$	4,775,000	\$	888,890	\$	5,663,890				

# LAMBERTSON LAKES METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Prior ear Assessed Valuation for Current	Mills Lev					Percentage
Year Ended	Y	ear Property		Debt	 Propert	у Тах	es	Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Service	 Levied	C	ollected	to Levied
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	11,152,070 12,617,070 12,609,350 16,000,800 16,223,390	3.850 3.850 3.850 3.850 3.850 3.850	38.150 38.150 38.150 38.150 38.150 38.150	\$ 468,386 529,917 529,593 672,034 681,382	\$	457,004 529,917 529,593 672,016 681,400	97.57% 100.00 100.00 99.99 100.01
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2020	\$	20,746,900	3.850	38.150	\$ 871,370			